# Using a Cloze test to find the right terminology to describe an automation management tool

#### Sarah Fierman

**Role:** Senior Content Designer **Team:** Automation Management

**Company:** HubSpot

### Outline

- 1. Context
- 2. The problem
- 3. My approach
- 4. The Cloze test
- 5. Results
- 6. Recommendations
- 7. In the designs
- 8. Impact

## Context

Context: The big picture

As a content designer at HubSpot, I worked with two teams who were shaping the way we talked about data quality in a customer's CRM.

With the relationships between these concepts becoming increasingly complex, I was able to align these teams on terminology and increase the usage of an automation management feature by 174%.

Context: The company



### What's HubSpot?

HubSpot is a leading CRM platform that provides software and support to help businesses grow better. The platform includes marketing, sales, service, and website management products.

### Context: My role and partners

### My role 🜟

Senior Content Designer in Operations Hub

### Data Quality team 🤝

A team building tools and features to help customers make sure they have the most useful and usable data in their CRM.

Partners:

Senior Product Manager Senior Product designer Front-end Tech Lead

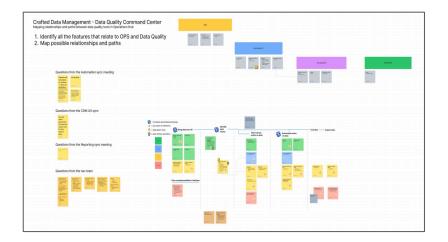
### Automation Management team 🤝

A team building management features for the Workflows automation tool. Workflows are automations that can trigger marketing, sales, service, and operations processes across the platform. This tool is also a data ingestion point.

Partners:
Senior Product Manager
Senior Product Designer
Front-end Tech Lead
Two back-end engineers

Context: Previous work

I'd already worked with the Data Quality team to build a new tool: a central dashboard where customers could monitor the quality of the data in their CRM.



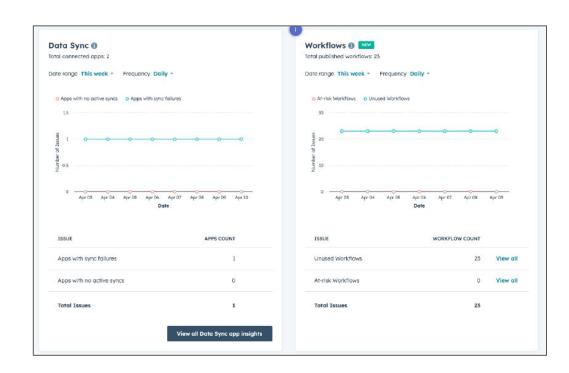
I ran workshops with stakeholders across the company. In these conversations, I mapped out relationships between tools and the types of data they were passing to the data quality dashboard.

# The problem

• The problem: Many terms, similar concepts

The data quality dashboard brought together information from across the platform. It depended on definitions from other tools to describe when something was going wrong.

Each tool did this differently, using terms like issue, error, problem, and risk.



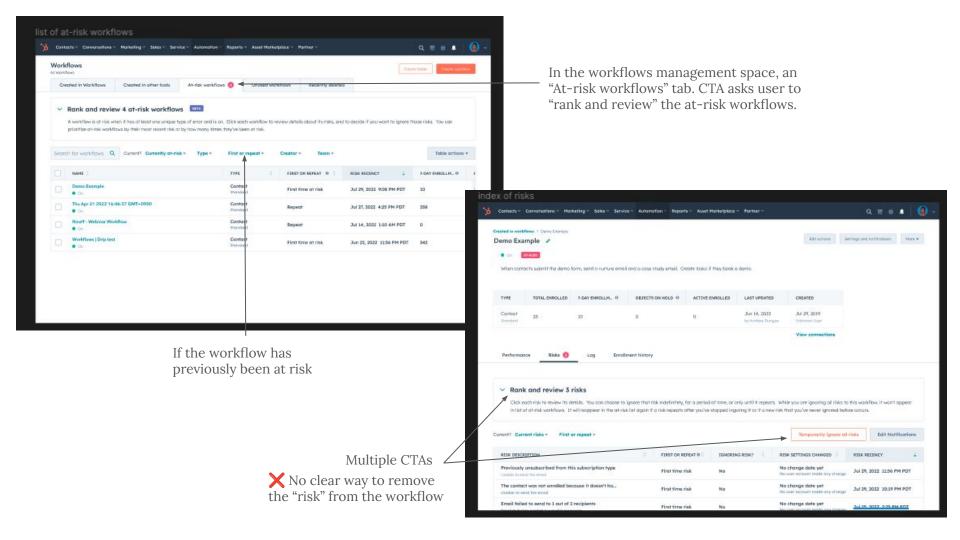
The problem: Downstream dependencies

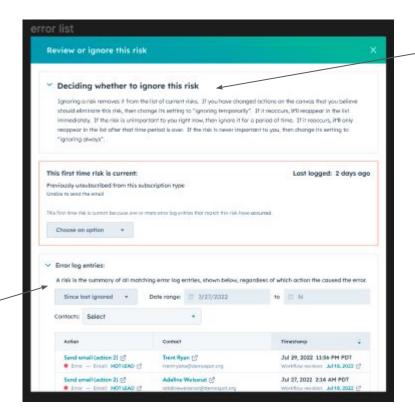
The Automation Management team was building a feature that would send information to the data quality tool. They were introducing a **brand new** term to describe when something was going wrong in the workflows tool: "**risks**".

Something goes wrong in a automation. Your data is "at risk" of being polluted.



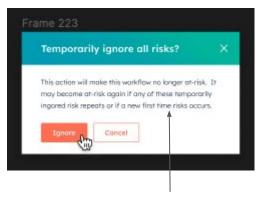
Information about what might be going wrong in the automation is surfaced in the data quality tool.





A risk = multiple error entries

A lot of copy, tough to scan



Which reoccurred? The risk... or the error?

The problem: Customer and business impact

The Automation Management team put their new **risks** management feature into a private beta, but there were some areas where it wasn't hitting targets.

### Pain points for the customer 😓



Confused by the term "risks"

Unsure about what's on fire and what can wait

Data in their portal may be negatively impacted by "risks" that aren't caught at the right time

### Impacts to the business



Low usage metrics

Customers holding on to many workflows with "risks" that add a heavy maintenance load for our engineering teams

Heavy UX debt from different terminology

• The problem: Feedback in the beta

"My new CEO saw the "at-risk" tab with the red dot showing the number of at-risk workflows and thought that this was the number of workflows that were not working, *at all* . I felt like the CEO would have had a different reaction if a different word was used."

© "Does a risk mean that it's not working properly? Or, does it mean that it could just be more efficient?"

"A "risk" is the wrong word for the situation. It's too alarming and that the objects shown were just "errors". A "risk" is more urgent than an error."

"There's not a difference between a risk and an error. A risk is just a potential error, while an error has already happened."

• The problem: Tight deadlines

Since Automation Management team was already in a private beta we needed to get answers to our questions quickly, while minimizing disruption the customers who were using the feature.

We had to get really clear on the scope of what we wanted to answer.

# My approach

My approach: Breaking it down

- 1. Build trust and illustrate the problem
- 2. Create a project plan and agree on scope
- 3. Run and analyze the test, then apply the results

My approach: Build trust

Both the product manager and product designer on Automation Management had little experience working with an embedded content designer.

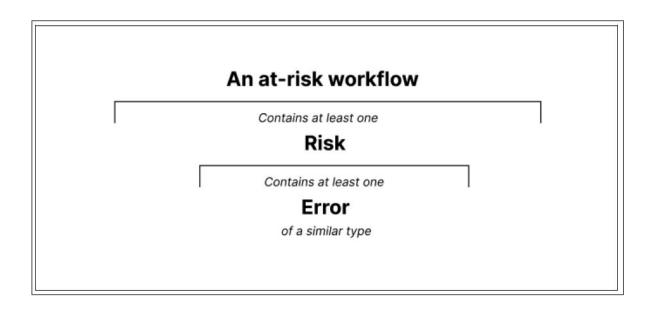
It was crucial for me to work **clearly** and **collaboratively** with them so we could build trust.

I got up to speed quickly with Automation Management to find out what they had learned in discovery, design, and beta. We partnered on a timeline and approach to our questions that we all felt good about.

My approach: Illustrate the problem

I started by mapping the relationships between the terms in the new risks feature.

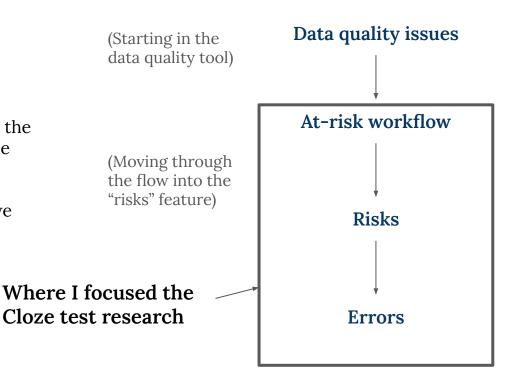
My hypothesis was that it might not be the individual terms that were confusing, but instead it was the relationship between the terms that customers didn't understand.



My approach: Limit the scope

There were other terms, including "issues", that customers would encounter moving through through the flow from the data quality tool to the "risks" management feature.

I kept my investigation limited, so we could avoid scope creep.



My approach: Create a project plan

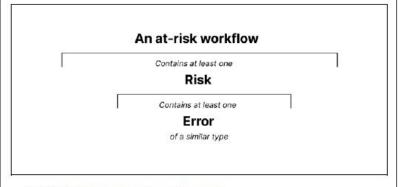
Then, I put together a project doc where I outlined the questions we'd ask and how we'd find answers.

View the doc (PDF)

#### Overview

What we know:

We're in the process of introducing a new way of talking about errors in the workflows tool. Errors are a concept that's very common across software tools, but in workflows, we're introducing a new a hierarchy of "risks" and "errors".



Figma file: Monitoring and managing workflows at-risk

#### What we want to learn:

Across moderated interviews with customers we've noticed a trend of them repeating the language now in the workflows tool back to us and saying they understand a concept, but in practice, they often have varied understandings and definitions of those terms. We want to confirm that the new language maps to potential and current customers' own mental models.

- Are we, overall, in alignment with how customers think about these terms, and is the content clear?
- · Are there ways we can simplify how we talk about risks and errors?
- What are the terms that resonate the most with the way people think about error prevention and resolution? Where can we use our customers' own language?
- Are there any terms we're using that aren't helpful or clear?
- Where do we need to offer extra context or education to customers?

## The Cloze test

### ■ The Cloze test: Overview

A Cloze test is an unmoderated study that measures **comprehension**.

It shows whether a target audience actually understands the material's meaning.

The test looks like a game of madlibs. Every "nth" word in a group of sentences is excluded.

The participant is asked to use context clues to try to answer with the correct word in each blank.

An automated process might be [at] risk when it has at [least] one unique type of [error].

The new At-risk [tab] replaces the Automations with errors tab. [You] can now see all the [risks] that have occurred over [time]. Also, view when and why [automation] has risks and temporarily [ignore] them until they repeat.

The full log of [errors] is still available on each [automation's] details page.

Ignoring a [risk] removes it from this automation's [list] of current risks for a [period] of time. At first, try to [temporarily] ignore this risk until it [repeats]. That way as soon as a new [error] occurs, it'll reappear on the list of risks. If [you've] discovered that this risk is [repeating] predictably, then you may want to [ignore] it for a longer period of time.

I used content that was already live in front of customers in the private beta.

### The Cloze test: Added questions

I chose to supplement the Cloze test with an additional section of follow up questions because we wanted to know **why** participants answered the way they did in the Cloze test.

Read the text again and then answer the following questions.

An automated process might be at risk when it has at least one unique type of error.

The new At-risk tab replaces the Automations with errors tab that showed errors over the last seven days. You can now see all the risks that have occurred over time. Also, view when and why the

y ignore them until they repeat.

Question #1

In your own words, summarize the information.

Question #2

Describe the difference between an error and a risk.

Question #3

What does it mean to ignore a risk?

on each automation's details page.

automation's list of current risks for a period of time. At first, try it repeats". That way, as soon as a new error occurs, it'll e discovered that this risk is repeating predictably, then you may of time.

The Cloze test: Running the test

I designed and ran the test in UserZoom.

- Replace every 5th to 7th word in the Cloze portion
- Max 12 days run time (including both business and weekend days)
- 50 participants
  - May or may not have experience with HubSpot
  - Must have experience in marketing automation or is a person in an operations role

#### Goal:

A 60% comprehension rate in the Cloze portion of the test.



This is standard. It's not a test to see if they can get every answer correct. It's about how many fall above or below this line. If a significant portion of participants score lower, it meant the content was very hard to understand.

## Results

Results: Breaking down analysis

The test ran for eight days.

When it concluded, I reviewed each blank left open in the Cloze test for correct answer, but I also counted synonyms.

r.		is a synonym		error vs. risk							
		The new At-risk 1) replaces the Automations with errors tab. 2) can now see all the 3) that have occurred over 4)						d over 4)	Also, view when and		
	Question:	why the 5) has							) details p	age.	
	Answers:	tab		risks	time	automation	ignore	errors	automation's		
	Participant #	1)	2)	3)	4)	5)	6)	7)	8)	UZ_ID	
	1	feature	You	errors	time	system	flag	errors	Automations	C6287S577_48	
		process	employees	information	timefram	system	repair	transactions	users	C6287S577_84	
	4	section	Customers	errors	time	automation	pauses	errors	process's	C6287S577_88	
	6	processes	users	errors	time	process	hide	errors	automation	C6287S577_128	
		programs	Control of the Control	issues	time	issue	contain	issues	events	C6287S577_137	
	11	stage	platform	processes	time	process	turn off	errors	process	C6287S577_251	
	13	data	you	errors	time	automation	reboots	data	core	C6287S577_281	
	14	tab	You	errors	time	process	stop	processess	process	C6287S577_287	
	15	software	you	errors	time	security	stop	errors	log	C6287S577_315	
	18	process	you	errors	time	process	monitor	errors	process	C6287S577_364	
	19	program	You	errors	time	program	fix	activities	program	C6287S577_399	
	20	software	Users	error	time	Software	repeats	Errors	Specific	C6287S577_401	
	21	Program	You	errors	time	Program	Fix	Errors	Automation	C6287S577_413	
	24	software	code	errors	time	code	pauses	errors	code	C6287S577_471	
	26	then	you	errors	time	software	hides	errors	risks	C6287S577_505	
	27	will	It	stuff	automation	automatin	stuck	task	simple	C6287S577_515	
	29	sometimes	w	errors	all	error	stop	errors	ones	C6287S577_538	
	31	software	You	errors	time	software	pause	errors	error	C6287S577_565	
	32	problem	Administrators	errors	time	program	solve	automations	softwares	C6287S577_575	
	34	sofrware	we	errors	time	errors	halt	data	tab	C6287S577_650	
	35	server	previous	errors	the years	company	bad	history	systems	C6287S577_725	
	36	process	1	errors	time	automation	disable	errors	automation	C6287S577_728	
	38	system	i	problems	days	issues	put	errors	full	C6287S577_758	
	39	task	now	mistakes	process	programs	commands	info	individual	C6287S577_767	
	40	process	that	processes	procedure	identify	сору	data	of	C6287S577 788	
	41	issue	You	problems	time	automation	moves	this	tab	C6287S577_791	
	42	model	That	erros	time	model	shut	errors	transaction	C6287S577 825	
	44	program	and	errors	night	program	stop	errors	full	C6287S577 888	
		tab	you	errors	time	арр	dear	transactions	module	C6287S577 893	
	46	prototype	Al	Errors	time	issues	disable	data	excel	C6287S577_894	
1	30	20	16	0	25	16	11	16	5	Without synonyms	With synonyms
-	30	66.7%	53.3%	0.0%	83.33%	53.33%	36.67%	53.33%	16.67%		45.4
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Results: By the numbers

- Average accuracy was 24.83% without synonyms. Average accuracy including synonyms was 43.2%. This means that the content in the risks management feature was very difficult for participants to understand.
- Participants weren't able to easily differentiate between "errors" and "risks" based on the context clues in the content. They consistently used "error" when the answer was "risk". **Meaning, the relationship between the terms was not clear.**
- At the same time, many responded by defining an error as something that's **currently** going wrong and a risk as something that **could** go wrong. **Each of these terms communicates and defines varying tenses (present vs. future state) and senses of urgency.**
- For questions where the answer was "ignore", they often used close terms that were more proactive. They leaned more towards language that suggests either "fix the problem right now" or "take a closer look".

Read the full analysis (PDF)

## Recommendations

Recommendations: Simplify the language

I paired the results of the Cloze test with this view from the Hemingway app.

While the readability score was good (Grade 6), there were many sentences that were hard to read. These sentences overlapped with areas in the test where scores were lower.

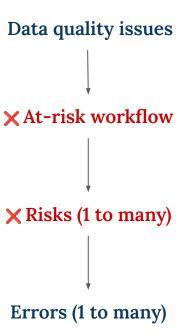
I recommended that we simplify sentence structure across the experience.

Hemingway An automated process might be at risk when it has at least one unique type of error. Readability Grade 6 The new At-risk tab replaces the Automations with errors tab that Good showed errors over the last seven days. You can now see all the risks that have occurred over time. Also, view when and why the Words: 146 automation has risks and temporarily ignore them until they Show More \* repeat. 3 adverbs. Aim for 1 or fewer. The full log of errors is still available on each automation's details 0 uses of passive voice. Nice page. work. Ignoring a risk removes it from this automation's list of current o phrases have simpler risks for a period of time. At first, try to temporarily ignore this risk alternatives. "until it repeats". That way, as soon as a new error occurs, it'll reappear on the list of risks. If you've discovered that this risk is 3 of 10 sentences are hard to repeating predictably, then you may want to ignore it for a longer period of time. of 10 sentences are very hard Recommendations: Collapse the hierarchy

The participants in the test were not able to understand the relationship between risks and errors as we were describing them in the product.

The word "risk" was also confusing. It didn't communicate the correct sense of urgency.

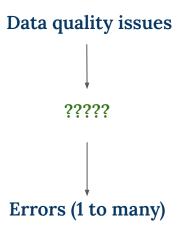
I recommended that we remove the term "risk" and simplify the hierarchy.



Recommendations: Align with customer expectations

What customers wanted was for us to highlight things that were going wrong and let them decide how urgent it was.

The core problem is we weren't setting the right **tone** with the language we were using.



Recommendations: Align with customer expectations

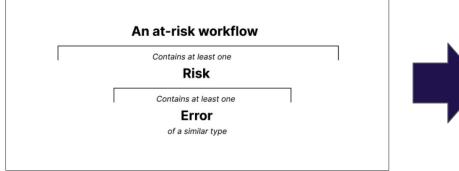
Because I reviewed the synonyms in the answers participants gave in the Cloze test, we didn't have to guess what terms communicated this in the right way.

"Issues" was one of the terms that came up consistently in their answers. And, this term aligned with terminology across the broader experience!

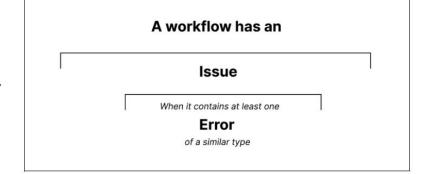
I recommended that we call the feature "workflows with issues".



Recommendations: The new model







# In the designs

The product designer and I had a co-design / peer writing session where

After I presented these recommendations to the team, I created a new

page in the Figma file and illustrated how the recommendations

could look in the product.

we talked through the changes together.

## **Previous designs** In the workflows management space, an "At-risk workflows" tab. CTA asks user to Workflows At workflows "rank and review" the at-risk workflows. Unused workflows Created in other tools At-risk workflows A worldflow is of risk when if has at least one unique type of error and is on. Click each worldflow to review details about its risks, and to decide if you want to ignore those risks. You can Bulk action is unclear prioritize at-risk workflows by their most recent risk or by how many times they've been at risk. Search for workflows Q. Current? Currently at-risk \* Tobly actions v FIRST OR REPEAT | 0 RISK RECENCY 3-DWY ENROLLING ( Q # 8 # (0) First time at risk Jul 29, 2022 9:06 PM PDT 😘 Confects × Conversations × Herketing × Sales × Service × Automation - Reports × Asset Harketplace × Fortner The Apr 21 2022 16:46:27 GMT+0900 Jul 27, 2022 4:25 PM PDT Created in workflows 2 Dame Exercise Edit actions Serlings and notifications Hors + Demo Example / Jul 14, 2022 1:50 AM PDT Workflows | Drip test First time at risk Jun 22, 2022 11:56 PM PDT Wither contacts submit the demo form, send a number email and a case study email. Create tasks if they back a demo. TOTAL ENBOLLED T-DAY EMBOLLING (I) DEJECTS ON HOLD () ACTIVE EMBOLLED LAST UPDATED CREATED Jun 14, 2022 Au 29, 2019 If the workflow has Rank and review 3 risks previously been at risk Click each risk to review its details. You can choose to ignore that risk indefinitely, for a period of time, or only until it repeats. While you are ignoring all risks to this workflow, it won't appear In list of at-risk workflows. It will reoppear in the at-risk list again if a risk repeats ofter you've stopped ingoring it or if a new risk float you've never ignored before occurs. Current risks - First or repeat **Edit Natifications** Temporarily ignore all risks FIRST OR REPEAT IS TOMORING ROSKY BISK SETTINGS CHANGED RISK RECENCY Filter = Current? Multiple CTAs $\angle$

X No clear way to remove

the "risk" from the workflow

Previously unsubscribed from this subscription type

The contact was not enrolled because it doesn't ha...

tivettle to send the ented:

Email failed to send to 1 out of 2 recipients

First time risk

First time risk

First time risk

No change date yet

No change date yet

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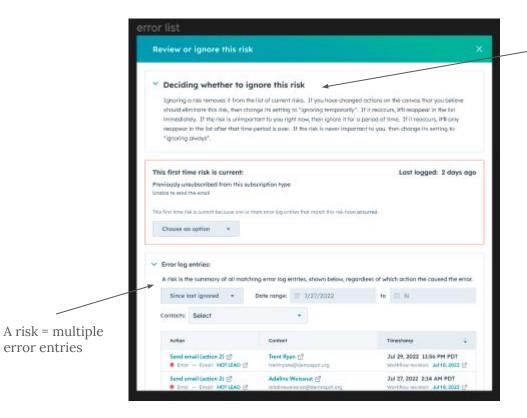
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Jul 29, 2022 11:56 PM PDT

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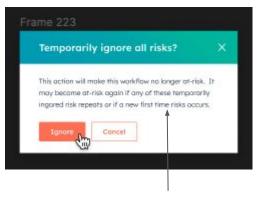
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## **Previous designs**

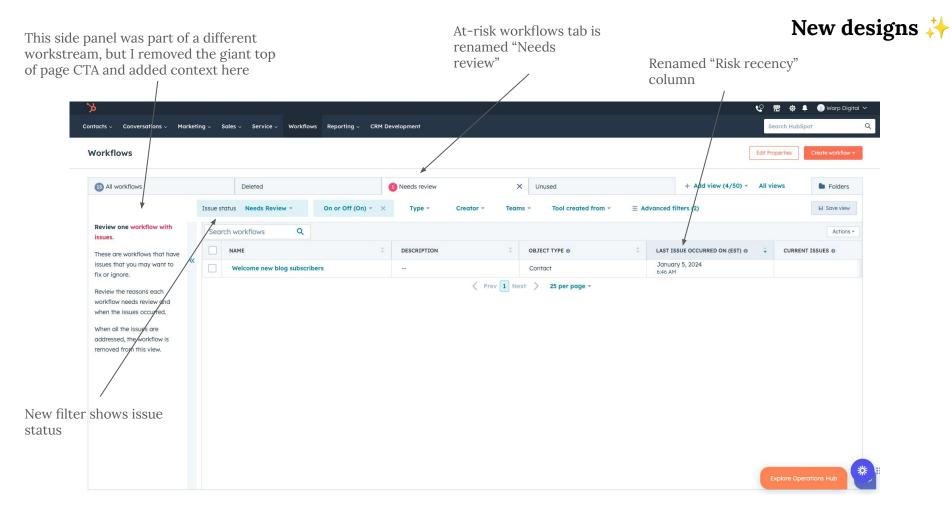


error entries

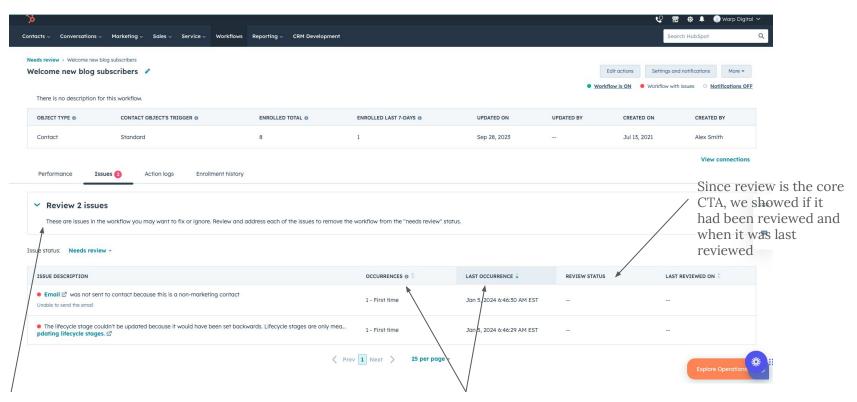
A lot of copy, tough to scan



Which reoccurred? The risk... or the error?







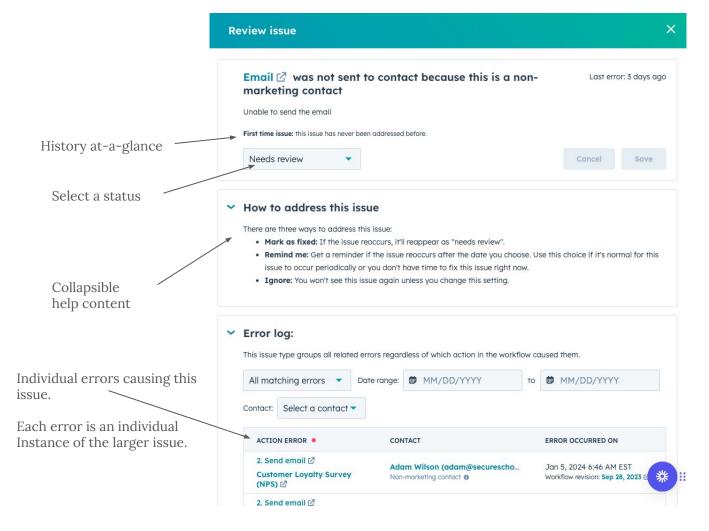
Simplified CTA and helper content

Changed "First or repeat" column to how many occurrences

The majority of the changes were front-end and could be implemented quickly.

Through our co-design sessions, the product designer and also discussed how we could make the previous "ignore only" action more proactive for customers in the full release.

Working with the product managers and back-end engineers, we were able to come up with a solution that worked for our timelines.







Review issue Email 🗹 was not sent to contact because this is a non-Last error: 3 days ago marketing contact Unable to send the email First time issue: this issue has never been addressed before. Needs review Cancel Save Mark as fixed Remind me after date sue his issue: Remind me after period reoccurs, it'll reappear as "needs review". Ignore r if the issue reoccurs after the date you choose. Use this choice if it's normal for this issue to occur periodically or you don't have time to fix this issue right now. · Ignore: You won't see this issue again unless you change this setting. Error log: This issue type groups all related errors regardless of which action in the workflow caused them. All matching errors to MM/DD/YYYY Contact: Select a contact . ACTION ERROR . CONTACT ERROR OCCURRED ON 2. Send email [2] Adam Wilson (adam@securescho... Jan 5, 2024 6:46 AM EST **Customer Loyalty Survey** Workflow revision: Sep 28, 2023 2 Non-marketing contact @ (NPS) ☑

2. Send email [2]

Customers can mark which issues have been fixed, or set a reminder for ones that are less of a concern.

The reminder would trigger a notification.

## Impact

Impact: Feedback from the team

"Her efforts led to **a remarkable 174% increase** in feature usage, and created successful upgrade paths influencing enterprise-level revenue.

Sarah's approach **seamlessly integrated quantitative and qualitative data** to shape UX strategy. Her holistic perspective, collaborative nature, and attention to detail made her a valuable team member. Beyond individual product experiences, she **crafted comprehensive content and UX strategies across product lines**."

- Senior Product Manager on the Automation Management team

Impact: The highlights

It's in the numbers. By renaming the "At-risk workflows" tab to "Needs review" **more customers** were clicking the tab and engaging with the workflows with issues. Usage of the review feature overall increased 174%.

• Qualitative feedback from customers improved. There was much less confusion about the urgency of issues.

**I stuck to our timelines**. The Cloze test gave us a *wealth* of information, but because it was unmoderated it also was hands-off. In the time that it was running, I was working on other tasks.

? We didn't have to guess on the right solution. We were already in beta and any changes we made could have big impacts. This work set us up to confidently make the right move and fix problems now.

Impact: The highlights

© We **helped the Data Quality team simplify their own UI** by slimming down the language hierarchy. We validated the use of "issues" terminology across the platform.

This work set the stage for a great relationship with the Automation Management team. By combining qualitative and quantitative approaches to content design, **I earned their trust**.

